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# 1 VPT preparation

The vocational practice training (VPT or training¹) is an important part of your education. This VPT period requires thorough preparation. This applies to you as a student and to the training company where you do your training. Your school also plays an important in this. In the VPT protocol (see enclosure 1) you can read what is expected of you, your school, the training company and SBB (Collaborative Organisation, Vocational Education, Trade and Industry) You can get information via your school about the VPT in your study programme. For example, this could entail contact details, important addresses and websites, agreements and regulations, reimbursements and subsidies, illness, leaves of absence and absences, changes and staff turnover. It is important to review this information in preparation for your training. In addition, the checklist below can help.

# 1.1 Checklist, preparation and start of VPT

To pre	epare for and start my training, I have gone through the steps shown below.
Prepara	tory VPT research
	I understand what the school expects of me;
	I am familiar with the planning, start and duration of my training;
	I understand intrinsic requirements of my VPT;
	I am familiar with the documents belonging to my training;
	I know how to obtain a training agreement and where I must turn it in;
	I know the rules concerning days of holiday;
	I am familiar with the income-tax rules;
	I know how to search for work-placement openings.
Learnin	g aims and ambitions
	I know what I want;
	I know what my main learning aims are;
	I know which assignments I must carry out.
For job	applications / intake interview
	I have thoroughly reviewed the website of the training company;
	I have prepared for the job interview;
	I know which information I need for the training company;
	I know what I have to offer (my strong points);
	I am familiar with the possibilities/problems for travelling to my training;
	The company is a recognised training company.
After ap	pplication / intake
	I know what to expect from the training company;
	I understand what the training company expects of me.
	I understand the demands that the training company places on me (e.g. certificate of good character, vaccinations,
	dress code, proof of identity, confidentiality, days of holiday, working hours and reporting ill);
	I know whether there are reimbursements.
Start of	VPT
	The training agreement has been signed and turned in;
	I know who my trainer is at the training company;
	I know who my trainer is at my school and I have his/her details;
	I am familiar with the house rules of the training company;
	I have discussed the most important subjects about my training, such as safety, duties, working-in period, progress
	interviews and counselling;
	I have informed the training company about the work-placement programme and accompanying documents and
	expectations from school;
	I will show interest by asking questions;
	I will display a motivated attitude.
VPT eva	aluation
	I know the difference between evaluation of my training and the exams;
	I know who will assess my work at the end of the training.

<sup>1</sup> The terms VPT and training are used interchangeably in this document

# 2 Training company and school information

# 2.1 Training company details

Training company Name of training company	
Address	
Postal address	
Postal code and town/city	
Main telephone number	
Website	
Person responsible for VPT Name of person	
Position	
Direct-dial number	
Email address	
Trainer <sup>2</sup>	
Name of trainer	
Direct-dial number	
Email address	
Student Telephone number (by day)	
Email address	
VPT period	
Start and end date of VPT	
Scheduled return days	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Person responsible for VPT could be the same as the trainer.

# 2.2 School data

School Name of school	
Address	
Postal address	
Postal code and town/city	
Main telephone number	
Website	
VPT trainer / teacher Name	
Direct-dial number	
Email address	
VPT contact / coordinator Name Direct-dial number	
Email address	
Liliali addiess	
Other Search for training companies	www.stagemarkt.nl

# 3 Expectations

Before you start your training, you will have an interview with your trainer about the expectations of the training. Prior to this meeting, it is important that your educational goals are SMART. What do you want or have to learn during this training?

Try to presen	t your ed	ducation	al goals as clearly as possible:	
Specific: pred	ise desc	riptions		
Measurable:	make yo	ur goals	s measurable	
Acceptable: v	will the p	eople ar	round you also see this as a good leaning goal?	
Realistic: are your educational goals realistically attainable?  Time-related: is there a timetable?				
Educational go	al 1:			
Educational go	al 2:			
Educational go	al 3:			

3.1	Expectations from school				
	What does your school expect from you and your training company during your training? This could entail organisational matters such as return days, days of holiday, presentations and reporting, as well as knowledge, skills and professional attitude. Discuss this with your VPT teacher or trainer.				
3.2	Expectations from the training company				
	What does your training company expect from you during your training? This could relate to term of employment, such as free days, working hours and confidentiality. The training company will also have expectations concerning your knowledge, skills and professional attitude. Discuss this with your trainer.				

# 4 Activities

During your training, you will carry out various activities. You can add them to the list below. For each activity (or analysis) you should indicate:

- whether you have received instructions for this;
- whether you have already done this under supervision;
- whether you can do this independently

Description of activities	Instruction	Under supervision	Independently	Initials practice coach

# 5 Explanation of counselling and progress interviews

During your training you will have various interviews with your trainer. In this document we distinguish between counselling and progress interviews. In addition, there will also be a final interview based on your final evaluation.

# 5.1 Counselling interviews

In section 6 you will find the forms relating to the counselling interviews.

We recommend that you have a (brief) meeting with your trainer once a week. You should take the initiative for this yourself. This meeting could concern your progress to date, questions you may have or impediments you have encountered. Your educational goals could also be the subject of your discussion. You can list any agreements made in the training interview form (section 6). If you have had an interview with your VPT teacher, you can also note that in the form.

# 5.2 Progress interviews

Starting with section 7 you will find the forms relating to progress interviews.

In addition to counselling interviews during your training, you will also have two or three progress interviews. The exact number will depend on the duration of your training. During those interviews there will be a discussion of the progress you made during the preceding period – the kind of growth you have shown.

There is a progress form for each progress interview, which consists of four parts:

- 1. Evaluation by the student (to be filled in by the student)
- 2. Reflection (to be filled in by the student)
- Evaluation by the training company (to be filled in by the trainer, perhaps together with the student)
- 4. Feedback (to be filled in by the trainer together with the student)

In preparation for the interview you should fill in the first two parts. This forms the starting point for the progress interview that you will have with your trainer. A VPT teacher might also be present. Your trainer will fill in (possibly with you) the evaluation made by the company. You should then agree with your trainer on potential follow-up interviews and points of improvement. You can fill in these agreements under feedback from the trainer.

Your development level (growth), which could differ per component, will be recorded as follows:

- You perform this component almost always well. You almost always work independently and reflect on your work relative to your development points and educational goals. No improvement needed.
- You regularly work independently. You regularly work on the established requirements. You possibly adapt your development points.
- With this component you are on the right track. You need guidance sometimes. Some small improvements are needed.
- With this component you are at beginner's level. You need guidance for most work activities. Major improvements are still needed.

# 5.3 Final evaluation interview

Starting with section 10 you fill find forms relating to the final evaluation interviews. At the end of your training there will be a final evaluation interview. In preparation for this interview, your trainer will fill in the final evaluation. This evaluation will be discussed with your during the interview.

The final evaluation does make use of the development levels, such as the progress interviews. You will be informed as to whether you have passed the VPT (sufficient or good) or failed it. The various components will be evaluated as 'good', 'sufficient' or 'insufficient'. In appendix 2: Criteria final evaluation level 4, you can read the reasons on which the evaluation is based.

# 6 Counseling interviews

Date:	Spoke with:
Subjects discussed:	
Main agreements:	
Trainer's initials:	Trainee's initials:
Trainer 3 initials.	Trainee 3 midais.
Date:	Spoke with:
	Spoke with:
Subjects discussed:	

Date:	Spoke with:
Subjects discussed:	
Main agreements:	
•	
Trainer's initials:	Trainee's initials:
Trailler 3 illitiais.	Trainee 3 lilluais.
Doto:	Spoko with:
	Spoke with:
	Spoke with:
Subjects discussed:	

Date:	Spoke with:	
Subjects discussed:		
Main agreements:		
Trainer's initials:	Trainee's initials:	
Trainer 3 miliais.	Trainee 3 initials.	
	Spoke with:	
Main agreements:		
Trainer's initials:	Trainee's initials:	

Date:	Spoke with:	
Subjects discussed:		
Main agreements:		
Trainer's initials:	Trainee's initials:	
Trainer 3 initials.	Trainee's initials.	
Date:	Spoke with:	
Subjects discussed:		
Main agreements:		

#### 7 **Progress Report Form 1** Name of student: Education: Medical analyst Physicochemical analyst ☐ 4<sup>th</sup> study year Study year: □ 2<sup>nd</sup> 3rd 7.1 **Evaluation by the student** What is your current level of development? You will find a clarification of the development levels on page 9 and, in appendix 2, an explanation of the components. Read these before you fill in the list. Tick each component to show your current development level: 4 (good), 3 (satisfactory), 2 (some improvement needed), 1 (much improvement needed). 4 3 2 1 N/A Preparing analyses П П Drawing up a plan Receiving and recording of material Preliminary work of material **Doing analyses** Doing basic analyses Evaluating and reporting the measured values Maintaining workplace and equipment Doing specialist analyses Doing physicochemical analyses Doing medical analyses П Interpreting the analysis results Lending support to research and education Optimising techniques Transferring knowledge General attitude aspects Taking initiative, showing dedication П Working independently Having a professional career attitude Displaying responsible behaviour Showing flexibility Showing safety-conscious behaviour Career aspects (see appendix 2) Being cooperative and consulting with others Planning and organising П П П П Following instructions and procedures Formulating and reporting Delivering quality Utilising professional skills П П П П П Utilising materials and resources Ethical and sound actions Handling pressure and setbacks well Analysing Learning Providing leadership

# 7.2 Reflection by the student

On reflection, you should think consciously about your experience, knowledge, insights and attitude with the aim of improving yourself. Note your preliminary findings below.

What is going well?	
What needs improvent?	
Actions that I plan to take:	
Date:	
Trainer's initials:	Student's initials:

#### 7.3 Evaluation by the training company Name of student: Education: ■ Medical analyst Physicochemical analyst ☐ 2<sup>nd</sup> ☐ 3<sup>rd</sup> 4<sup>nd</sup> study year Study year: At which development level is the student? Have your trainer first read the explanation on page 9, Explanation of development levels, and appendix 2, Final evaluation criteria. Then ask your trainer to indicate below what he/she views your development. This can be done by ticking the applicable development components: 4 (good), 3 (satisfactory), 2 (some improvement needed), 1 (much improvement needed). 3 2 N/A **Preparing analyses** Drawing up a plan Receiving and recording of material Preliminary work of material **Doing analyses** Doing basic analyses Evaluating and reporting the measured values Maintaining workplace and equipment Doing specialist analyses Doing physicochemical analyses Doing medical analyses П Interpreting the analysis results Lending support to research and education П Optimising techniques П Transferring knowledge General attitude aspects Taking initiative, showing dedication Working independently П П П $\Box$ Having a professional career attitude Displaying responsible behaviour Showing flexibility Showing safety-conscious behaviour Career aspects (see appendix 2) П П Being cooperative and consulting with others П П Planning and organising Following instructions and procedures Formulating and reporting Delivering quality П П П Utilising professional skills Utilising materials and resources Ethical and sound actions Handling pressure and setbacks well П П П П Analysing Learning

Providing leadership

# 7.4 Feedback from the trainer (in consultation with the student)

General evaluation of the	trainee until now:	4 🗆	3 🗆	2 🔲	1 🗆
Basis of the evaluation by	the trainer:				
Suggestions for improvem	ient:				
0					
Specific agreements:					
Date:					
Trainer's initials:	Student's initials:	VI	PT teach	er's initia	als:

#### 8 **Progress report form 2** Name of student: ■ Medical analyst Education: Physicochemical analyst Study year: □ 2<sup>nd</sup> 3rd 4th study year 8.1 **Evaluation by the student** What is your current level of development? You will find a clarification of the development levels on page 9 and, in appendix 2, an explanation of the components. Read these before you fill in the list. Tick each component to show your current development level: 4 (good), 3 (satisfactory), 2 (some improvement needed), 1 (much improvement needed). 4 3 2 1 N/A Preparing analyses П П Drawing up a plan Receiving and recording of material Preliminary work of material **Doing analyses** Doing basic analyses Evaluating and reporting the measured values Maintaining workplace and equipment Doing specialist analyses Doing physicochemical analyses Doing medical analyses П Interpreting the analysis results Lending support to research and education Optimising techniques Transferring knowledge General attitude aspects Taking initiative, showing dedication П Working independently Having a professional career attitude Displaying responsible behaviour Showing flexibility Showing safety-conscious behaviour Career aspects (see appendix 2) Being cooperative and consulting with others Planning and organising П П П П Following instructions and procedures Formulating and reporting Delivering quality Utilising professional skills П П П П П Utilising materials and resources Ethical and sound actions Handling pressure and setbacks well Analysing Learning Providing leadership

# 8.2 Reflection by the student

On reflection, you should think consciously about your experience, knowledge, insights and attitude with the aim of improving yourself. Note your preliminary findings below.

What is going well?	
What needs improvement?	
Actions that I plan to take:	
Date:	
Trainer's initials:	Student's initials:

#### **Evaluation by the training company** Name of student: Education: ■ Medical analyst Physicochemical analyst ☐ 2<sup>nd</sup> 3rd 4<sup>nd</sup> study year Study year: At which development level is the student? Have your trainer first read the explanation on page 9, Explanation of development levels, and appendix 2, Final evaluation criteria. Then ask your trainer to indicate below what he/she views your development. This can be done by ticking the applicable development components: 4 (good), 3 (satisfactory), 2 (some improvement needed), 1 (much improvement needed). 3 2 N/A **Preparing analyses** Drawing up a plan Receiving and recording of material Preliminary work of material **Doing analyses** Doing basic analyses Evaluating and reporting the measured values Maintaining workplace and equipment Doing specialist analyses Doing physicochemical analyses Doing medical analyses П Interpreting the analysis results Lending support to research and education П Optimising techniques $\Box$ Transferring knowledge General attitude aspects Taking initiative, showing dedication Working independently П П П $\Box$ Having a professional career attitude Displaying responsible behaviour Showing flexibility Showing safety-conscious behaviour Career aspects (see appendix 2) П П Being cooperative and consulting with others П П Planning and organising Following instructions and procedures Formulating and reporting Delivering quality П П Utilising professional skills Utilising materials and resources Ethical and sound actions Handling pressure and setbacks well П П П П П Analysing Learning

Providing leadership

8.3

# 8.4 Feedback from the trainer (in consultation with de student)

	_				. =
General evaluation of the trained	ee until now:	4 ⊔	3 🗆	2 📙	1 🗆
Basis of the evaluation by the t	rainer:				
Suggestions for improvement:					
Specific agreements:					
Date:					
Trainanta initiale:	lantin initi-l-	\ / 5	T 40 l -	- الما عالم الما	la.
Trainer's initials: Stud	lent's initials:	VP	T teache	ers initia	15.

#### 9 **Progress report form 3** Name of student: ■ Medical analyst Education: Physicochemical analyst ☐ 4<sup>th</sup> study year Study year: □ 2<sup>nd</sup> 3rd 9.1 **Evaluation by the student** What is your current level of development? You will find a clarification of the development levels on page 9 and, in appendix 2, an explanation of the components. Read these before you fill in the list. Tick each component to show your current development level: 4 (good), 3 (satisfactory), 2 (some improvement needed), 1 (much improvement needed). 4 3 2 1 N/A Preparing analyses П $\Box$ Drawing up a plan Receiving and recording of material Preliminary work of material **Doing analyses** Doing basic analyses Evaluating and reporting the measured values Maintaining workplace and equipment Doing specialist analyses Doing physicochemical analyses Doing medical analyses $\Box$ Interpreting the analysis results Lending support to research and education Optimising techniques Transferring knowledge General attitude aspects Taking initiative, showing dedication П Working independently Having a professional career attitude Displaying responsible behaviour Showing flexibility Showing safety-conscious behaviour Career aspects (see appendix 2) Being cooperative and consulting with others Planning and organising П П П П Following instructions and procedures Formulating and reporting Delivering quality Utilising professional skills П П П П $\Box$ Utilising materials and resources Ethical and sound actions Handling pressure and setbacks well Analysing Learning Providing leadership

# 9.2 Reflection by the student

On reflection, you should think consciously about your experience, knowledge, insights and attitude with the aim of improving yourself. Note your preliminary findings below.

What is going well?	
What needs improvent?	
Actions that I plan to take:	
Date:	
Trainer's initials:	Student's initials:

#### 9.3 **Evaluation by the training company** Name of student: Education: ■ Medical analyst Physicochemical analyst ☐ 2<sup>nd</sup> 3rd 4<sup>nd</sup> study year Study year: At which development level is the student? Have your trainer first read the explanation on page 9, Explanation of development levels, and appendix 2, Final evaluation criteria. Then ask your trainer to indicate below what he/she views your development. This can be done by ticking the applicable development components: 4 (good), 3 (satisfactory), 2 (some improvement needed), 1 (much improvement needed). 3 2 N/A **Preparing analyses** Drawing up a plan Receiving and recording of material Preliminary work of material **Doing analyses** Doing basic analyses Evaluating and reporting the measured values Maintaining workplace and equipment Doing specialist analyses Doing physicochemical analyses Doing medical analyses П Interpreting the analysis results Lending support to research and education П Optimising techniques $\Box$ Transferring knowledge General attitude aspects Taking initiative, showing dedication Working independently П П П $\Box$ Having a professional career attitude Displaying responsible behaviour Showing flexibility Showing safety-conscious behaviour Career aspects (see appendix 2) П П Being cooperative and consulting with others П П Planning and organising Following instructions and procedures Formulating and reporting Delivering quality П П Utilising professional skills Utilising materials and resources Ethical and sound actions Handling pressure and setbacks well П П П П П Analysing Learning

Providing leadership

# 9.4 Feedback from the trainer (in consultation with de student)

General evaluation of the traine	ee until now:	4 ⊔	3 🗆	2 📙	1 🗆
Basis of the evaluation by the tr	rainer:				
Suggestions for improvement:					
Specific agreements:					
Date:					
<b>-</b>			·= · ·		
Trainer's initials: Stud	ent's initials:	VP	T teache	er's initia	IS:

#### 10 Final evaluation of trainee (by the trainer) Name of student: ■ Medical analyst Education: Physicochemical analyst ☐ 2<sup>nd</sup> □ 3<sup>rd</sup> 4<sup>th</sup> study year Study year: VPT period from to 10.1 At which final development level is the student? Have your trainer tick each component to show your degree of command; G(good), S(satisfactory), U(unsatisfactory). No development levels are used in the final evaluation. In appendix 2, Final Evaluation Criteria, your trainer can see the factors on which the final evaluation is based. G S U N/A Preparing analyses Drawing up a plan Receiving and recording material Preliminary work of material **Doing analyses** Doing the basic analyses Evaluating and reporting the measuring values П П Maintaining workplace and equipment П П Evaluating and reporting the measuring values П П П П Doing specialist analyses Doing physicochemical analyses Doing medical analysis П П П П Interpreting the analysis results Lending support to the research and education Optimising techniques П Transferring knowledge General attitude aspects Taking initiative, showing dedication П П Working independently Having a professional career attitude Displaying responsible behaviour Showing flexibility П Showing safety-conscious behaviour Career aspects (see appendix 2) Being cooperative and consulting with others Planning and organising Following instructions and procedures Formulating and reporting Delivering quality Utilising professional skills Utilising materials and resources Ethical and sound actions Handling pressure and setbacks well Analysing Learning Providing leadership

	Final training evaluation: Training passed with:	□ passed □ good	☐ did not pass☐ satisfactory, possibly final mark³:
	Explanation of final evalu	uation:	
	Date:		
	Trainer's initials:	Student's initia	ls: VPT teacher's initials:
3	Signing		
	•	-	entative of the training company states that, with the is responsible have been filled in correctly.
	Name:		
	Name:		
	Date:		
	Date:  Signature:  The VPT teacher or VP	Γ coordinator c	
	Date:  Signature:  The VPT teacher or VP	Γ coordinator c	of the school states that, with this signing, the
	Date:  Signature:  The VPT teacher or VPT components for which he	Γ coordinator c	of the school states that, with this signing, the
	Date:  Signature:  The VPT teacher or VPT components for which he Name:	Γ coordinator c	of the school states that, with this signing, the
	Date:  Signature:  The VPT teacher or VPT components for which he Name:  Date:	Γ coordinator α	of the school states that, with this signing, the
	Date:  Signature:  The VPT teacher or VPT components for which he Name:  Date:  Signature:	Γ coordinator α	of the school states that, with this signing, the
	Date:  Signature:  The VPT teacher or VPT components for which he Name:  Date:  Signature:  Signature:	Γ coordinator α	of the school states that, with this signing, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not all schools require a final mark

	STUDENT	SCHOOL	TRAINING COMPANY	888
Matching and Preparation	Looks for information about the training company     Becomes familiar with the branches, professions, fraining companies and study possibilities     Is motivated     Makes a good impression at the training company	Prepares the student for the practice-orientated work placement or training job. Supports the student in looking for work placement or training job. Ensures company. Ensures company. Ensures company. Ensures contemplay orientation, presentation and jobaphication skills. Ensures contemplay the responsibilities and information concerning the responsibilities and information concerning the responsibilities and objugations of the training company and the school.  In the training agreement, enters into concrete points of agreement with the training company about the placement with the training company about the pregenent of courseling, the personal training programme and the evaluation method.	ormpany.  Company.  Looks to see whether the student's sepectations and those of the company coincide.  Makes concrete agreements with the school and the student about the form, contraeling and assessment of the VPT period.  PRecords the points agreed in the agreement provided by the school.	• Ensures sufficient certified training companies and canvasses new ones as needed. • Arranges certification within ten working days. • Publishes the work placement and training lobs of freed by certified training companies with MinSBB at Stagemarkt.nl. • Helps training companies to promote themselves via MijnSBB. • Suppoprist the school by using Stagemark.nl. and by matching students and training companies.
Counselling	• is well prepared and motivated to start the VTP • Keeps the agreements made in the practice agreement • Follows instructions from the trainer of the training company • Glives feedback to the VTP trainer of the school	• Ensures that the student and trainer understand who the contact person is at the school and when he or she is available. • Ensures sufficient counselling in accordance with the terms of the training agreement. • Anonitors the student's progress and the link between the student's goals and the learning potential within the company. • Ensures a competent and dedicated VPT trainer.	Provides the daily supervision and training of the student in the workplace.     Provides a high-quality, motivated and accessible trainer.     Conducts the courselling and progress interviews with the student and the VPT trainer of the school.	Informs and coaches the trainer and offers the trainer and the training company advice and resources to enable them to do their jobs well.  Situriales the balanced cooperation between schools and companies.  In necessary, in consultation with the schools, provides an alternative work-schools, provides an alternative work-schools, provides an alternative work-student.
Assessment	• Ensures that all components of the VTP programme have been rounded off and turned in.	• Ensures an objective assessment of the student.  • Maintains contact with the training company about the assessment of the VPT and takes the initiative in evaluating the VPT period.  • Weigns the student's views about the VPT as part of the assessment.  • Provides feedback of the assessment to the training company.	<ul> <li>Assesses the student at the end of the VPT period on the basis of the points agreed in the training agreement.</li> <li>Has contact with the school about the assessment of the student.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coaches the trainer in valid, objective VPT judgement.</li> <li>Offers the trainer and the company advice and resources to enable them to do their jobs will.</li> </ul>
Evaluation	<ul> <li>The school and training company evaluate the VTP period with the student.</li> <li>The School and training company evaluate their collaboration with reference to The VET counsellor of practical studies makes an assessment on the basis of sustainable.</li> <li>If desired, the VET counsellor of practical studies supports the training compair necessary, the VET counsellor of practical studies terminates accreditation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The school and training company evaluate the VTP period with the student.</li> <li>The school and training company evaluate their collaboration with reference to the VTP and look for potential improvements.</li> <li>The VET counsellor of practical studies makes an assessment on the basis of these evaluations as to whether the this training company is 's urbainable'.</li> <li>If desired, the VET counsellor of practical studies supports the training company in setting up and carrying out a plan of improvement.</li> <li>If necessary, the VET counsellor of practical studies terminates accreditation.</li> </ul>	al Improvements. Ier the this training company is ' out a pian of improvement.	Enacted by the MBO (Netherlands Association of VET Colleges), SBB, SME Netherlands, VNONCW and the ministry of OCW (education, cultural affairs and science) on 10 June 2009. Updated by the general management of SBB on 3 July 2015.

# Appendix 2: Criteria for final evaluation level 4

The final evaluation does not make use of development levels. An indication is given as to whether you have passed the VPT (satisfactory or good) or did not pass. The various components are identical to those in the progress report form. The components are assessed as good, satisfactory or unsatisfactory.

Good: Results are nearly always obtained and nearly always reflect the described

behaviour/attitude.

Satisfactory: Results are regularly obtained and regularly reflect the described

behaviour/attitude.

Unsatisfactory: Results are sometimes obtained and sometimes reflect the described

behaviour/attitude.

Below is a description of the final level of a physicochemical or medical analyst. The degree of mastery (is sometimes evident, is usually evident, is nearly always evident) determines the evaluation as described above.

# Preparing analyses

Common characteristics: self-sufficient according to protocol, maintains overview, determines whether the stipulation has been carried out correctly, makes allowances for unforeseen circumstances, sets priorities, the complexity depends on the techniques used and the circumstances, possesses specialist knowledge.

# Drawing up a plan

#### Results:

- A clear, achievable plan has been drawn up

#### Behaviour:

- Make allowances for the time available
- Set priorities
- Request information
- Rush orders

# Receive and record material

#### Results:

- Material is made ready for pre-treatment
- Material is recorded in the manner required
- Material is stored in the manner required
- Material is identifiable

### Behaviour:

- If necessary, reporting to or informing the person in charge
- Determining which analyses need to be done according to instructions
- Linking the research question to the analyses to be carried out
- Instructions could be in English

#### Pre-treating material

### Results:

- Material is made ready for the analysis
- Observations and events are administered
- Control samples have been prepared

### Behaviour:

- In accordance with protocol and instructions
- Deciding how material should be (pre-) treated
- If necessary, reporting to and informing the person in charge
- Working safely and precisely
- Working at speed in accordance with the planning
- Being efficient
- Showing insight

# **Doing analyses**

General characteristics: independent, correct, timely and efficient according to protocol, routine with anomalous situations. Being familiar with the importance, operation and result of the analyses. Having specialist knowledge of the backgrounds of the various tests, analyses and materials. Complexity depends on the techniques used and circumstances. Is aware of the social and economic responsibility and impact of incorrectness.

### Doing basic analyses

Basic analyses include, among others, separation methods, microscopic and determinations.

#### Results:

- Basic analyses have been carried out manually
- Computerised basic analyses have been carried out
- Complete reports of the actions performed have been made
- Complete reports of the related measuring values have been made

#### Behaviour:

- Selects the material to be used
- Works accurately
- Works neatly and meticulously
- Uses correct spelling, correct words and technical terms
- Works in accordance with the quality system

## Evaluating and reporting the measuring values

#### Results:

- Measuring values and results have been checked
- Measuring values and results have been noted
- Measuring values and results are representative
- Reports to interested parties
- In case of deviations, the person in charge has been consulted
- Conclusions about reliability

### Behaviour:

- Does a reliability analysis
- Draws conclusions
- Consults and asks for advice
- Treats the data confidentially and respectfully
- Works correctly and systematically

## Maintaining the workplace and equipment

### Results:

- Clean workplace
- Replenished stock
- Well-maintained instruments, material and workplace
- Failures are resolved and/or reported externally

#### Behaviour:

- Carries out basic preventive maintenance periodically
- Chooses the proper material and tools for maintenance
- Works in according to protocols and instructions
- Coordinates (follow-up) actions
- Calls attention to failures
- Resolves failures, possibly in consultation

# Doing specialist analyse

General characteristics: according to protocol, integrates the theoretical knowledge and practical skills in the work and can oversee the consequences of his/her actions. Estimates potential consequence of his/her actions. In case of potentially unforeseen circumstances, he or she can estimate the urgency. Maintains an overview, determines whether the analysis is correctly carried out within the specifications, communicates proactively.

#### Carrying out physicochemical analyses

For example, this entail determining the physical and chemical parameters, chromatographic techniques, organic syntheses, spectrometric techniques, titrates and other instrumental analysis techniques.

#### Results:

- Physicochemical analyses have been carried out correctly and on time
- Measuring values are reliable

#### Behaviour:

- Shows insight
- Motivated
- Uses material and resources correctly
- Precise
- Good tempo
- Balanced performance

### Carrying out medical analyses

For example, this could entail biochemical analyses, immunological techniques, microscopic analyse, molecular biological techniques, specialist culture techniques and other instrumental analysis techniques.

#### Results:

- Medical analyses have been carried out correctly and on time
- Measuring values are reliable

#### Behaviour:

- Shows insight
- Uses material and resources correctly
- Precise
- Good tempo
- Balanced performance

## Interpreting the analysis results

# Results:

- Deviations have been identified and compared
- Cause of deviation found and communicated to interested parties
- Validated results
- Grounded conclusions

# Behaviour:

- Critical and accurate
- Shows insight in validity and results
- Utilises knowledge and skills
- Reports are neat, clear, complete, easy to read and understandable

# Supporting research and education

General characteristics: structured approach to work, supporting work for research, analyses, validation and product development. Has specialist knowledge and skills.

# **Optimising techniques**

### Results:

- Equipment is checked
- Equipment is optimised
- New techniques are tried
- Knowledge and skills are at required level
- Instructions for use have been set up and/or modified

#### Behaviour:

- Critical with respect to quality
- Shows interest in developments within his/her field
- Maintains appropriate level of professional knowledge and skills and specialises

#### where necessary

- Sees mistakes and points of improvement
- Checks and optimises analysis equipment and aids
- Facile and accurate

#### Transfer of knowledge

#### Results:

- Knowledge and experience are recorded and passed on
- Questions are answered

#### Behaviour:

- Gives clear information
- Gives instruction and pointers

# Career aspects

# Working together and consultation

Results / behaviour:

- Consults and involves others
- Attunes with others
- Makes inquiries proactively
- Communicates candidly and honestly
- Adapts to the group
- Appreciates the contributions of others

## Planning & organising

# Results/ behaviour:

- Setting goals and priorities
- Planning activities
- Time planning
- Monitoring progress

## Following instructions and procedures

# Results/behaviour:

- Follows instructions
- Works in accordance with prescribed procedures
- Shows discipline
- Works in accordance with safety rules
- Works in accordance with legal guidelines

# Phrasing and reporting

#### Results / behaviour:

- Correct wording
- Accurate and complete reporting
- Well organised
- Fluent, concise phrasing

# **Delivering quality**

Results / behaviour:

- Formulates norms for quality of own work
- Monitors quality
- Attains quality and production level
- Works systematically
- Consistent
- Keeps agreements

## **Employing professionalism**

Results/behaviour:

- Applies specific field-related mental capabilities (shows insight and

#### knowledge)

- Applies specific field-related manual skills
- Shows specific field-related physical qualities
- Shows sense of latitude and direction
- Shares expertise

### Utilising materials and resources

Results/behaviour:

- Select suitable materials and resources
- Utilises materials and resources effectively
- Utilises materials and resources appropriately
- Takes good care of materials and resources

## Acting ethically and with integrity

Results/behaviour:

- Acts ethically
- Acts with integrity
- Respects people's differences
- Acts responsibly towards his/her surroundings

## Dealing with pressure and setbacks

Results/behaviour:

- Performs effectively well under pressure
- Keeps feelings under control
- Deals with criticism constructively
- Establishes limits

#### **Analysing**

Results/behaviour:

- Generates information from data
- Checks data and test assumptions
- Sorts out information
- Draws conclusions
- Comes up with solutions for problems
- Establishes ties

#### Learning

Results/behaviour:

- Keeps professional knowledge and skills up to date
- Learns from feedback and mistakes
- Desires self-development

# **Providing leadership**

Results/behaviour:

Gives instructions and pointers to colleagues and/or fellow student





#### With this edition

This document is the result of an initiative of the technical laboratory schools united in the Trade Committee, Process, Laboratory and Operational Technique of the MBO (the Netherlands Association of VET Colleges) in cooperation with the SBB (Collaborative organisation, Vocational Education, Trade and Industry).

Techniek en Gebouwde omgeving

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